

The UK's Fraud Prevention Service

# Profiling Staff and Managing the Threat from insiders

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### Profiling

- Different perspectives of who your typical fraudster is.
- What cases of internal fraud have been reported to us in the last year:
  - The types of internal fraud being committed
  - Demographic of those committing fraud internally
  - Identifying, Reporting and Convicting

### Managing the treat

 Best practice and steps that can be taken to help combat the risk

#### • KPMG- Global Profiles of the Fraudster

- 36-55 years old,
- Senior management
- Over 6 years service

### Pwc- Global Economic Crime Survey

- 31-50 years old, male
- Junior members of staff
- Less than 5 years service

### ACFE- Global Fraud Survey

- 31-45 years old, male
- Management
- Between 1 and 5 years service







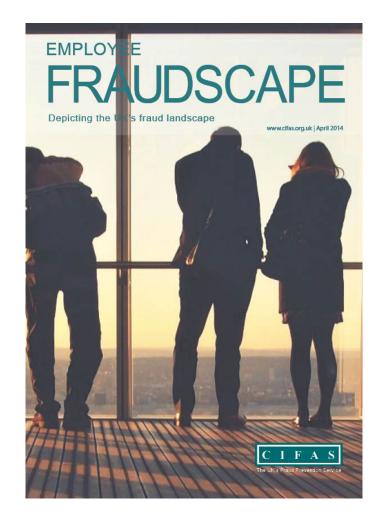




### **Employee Fraudscape**



- Cases filed to the CIFAS
  Internal Fraud Database
- Breakdown of the fraud types
- Demographic of those filed
- The identification, reporting and convictions of the cases



## Total Internal Fraud Cases recorded on the IFD 2011-2013



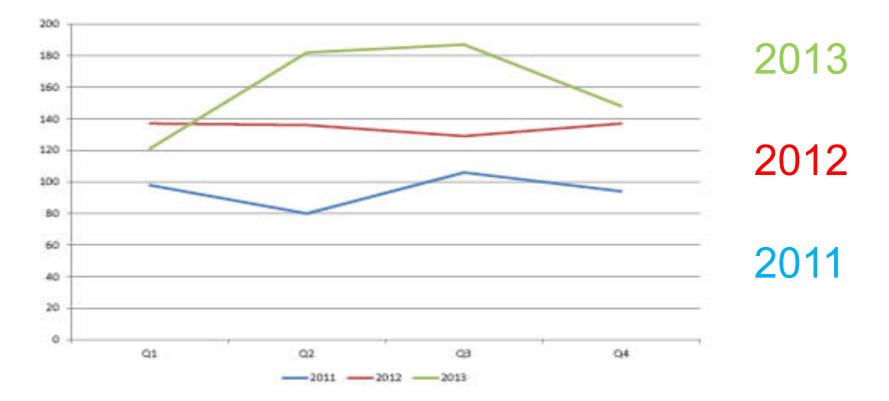
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### 260+ organisations





Total Internal Fraud cases recorded to the Internal Fraud Database 2011-2013



### Internal Fraud by Fraud Type



Internal Fraud Type	2012	2013	% Change
Account Fraud	55	46	-16.4%
Dishonest Actions	268	254	-5.1%
Employment application fraud - Successful	34	31	-8.8%
Employment application fraud - Unsuccessful	171	293	+71.3%
Unauthorised disclosure of commercial information	2	4	+100.0%
Unauthorised disclosure of personal information	46	48	+4.3%
Total Cases	539	638	+18.4%

### **Employment Application Fraud**

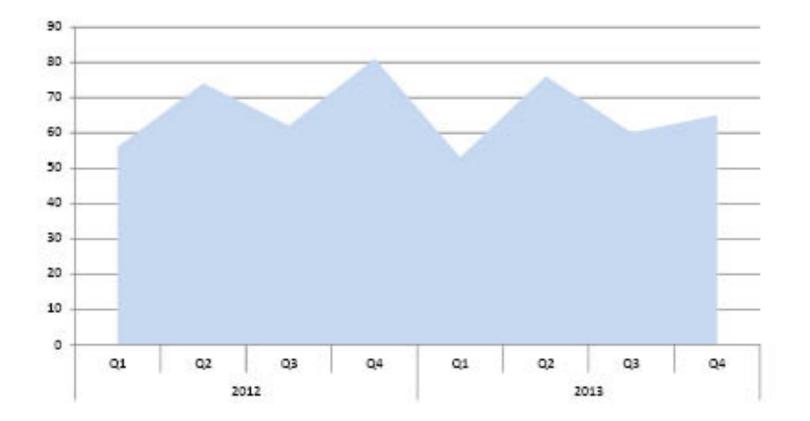


- Total- 51% of all cases
- Increase of 58%
- Successful Application frauds dropped by 9%
- Concealments
  - Adverse credit history
  - Employment history
  - Unspent criminal convictions

### **Dishonest Actions**



Dishonest Actions by Staff to Obtain a Benefit by Theft or Deception recorded on the Internal Fraud Database 2012-2013 Figure 4.2.1



### **Dishonest Actions**



- Total- 40% of all cases
- Theft of cash
  - Customer- targeting elderly and vulnerable
  - Employer
- Manipulation of third party accounts
  - Helping friends or family
- Facilitating and perpetrating fraudulent applications
  - Pressure





- Total- 7% of all cases
- Money laundering proceeds of crime through dormant bank accounts
- Transfers/ withdrawals to employee's account
- Less discovery by customers

Unlawful obtaining or disclosure of personal/commercial data

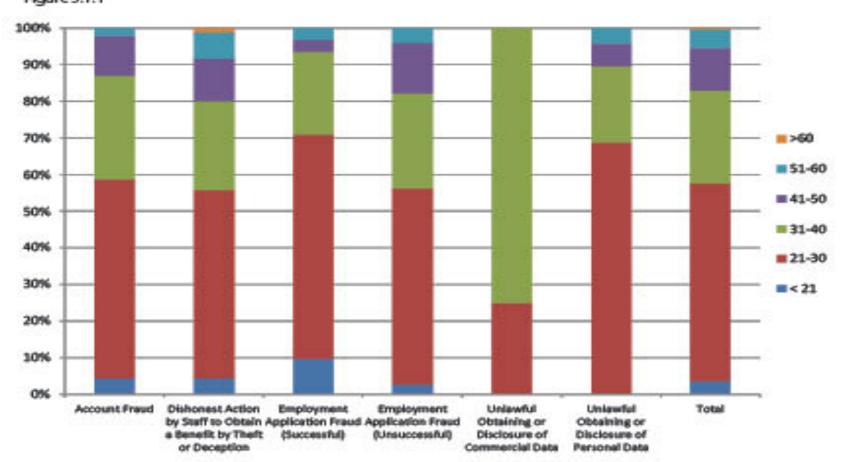


- Total- 8% of all cases
- 8% Increase
- Identity crime linked
- Not just organised criminal approach
- Disclosure to third parties largest proportion
- Consistent low level reporting of commercial data theft

### **Demographic and employment- Age**



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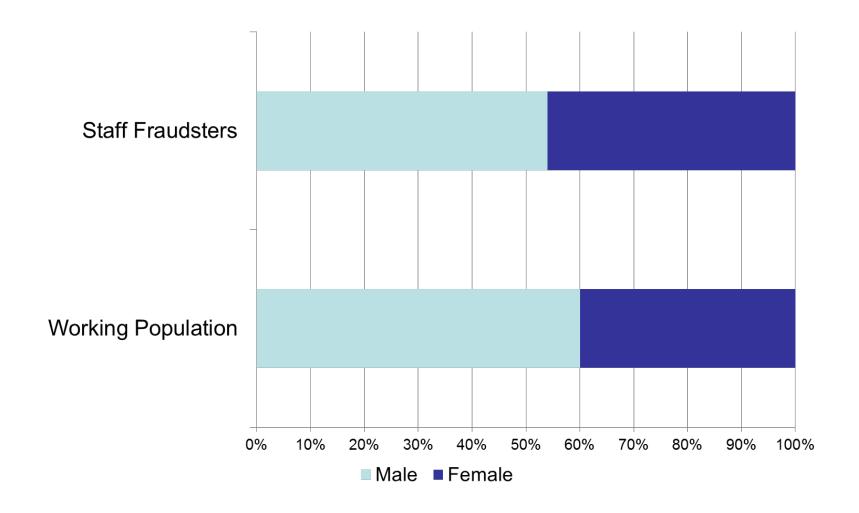


Average age of internal fraudsters across the different fraud types Figure 5.1.1

### Demographics and employment - gender



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### • Branches, Retail outlet/Store- 70%

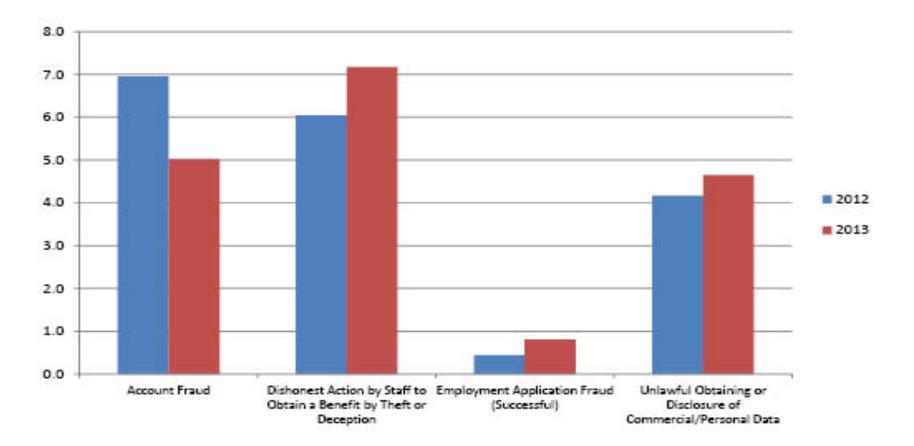
- 85% Account Frauds
- 90% Data thefts
- -74% Theft or deception
- Customer Contact Centres- 20%
   75% Data thefts

### Demographics and employment -length of service



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Average length of service for internal fraudsters by fraud type Rgure 5.4.1



### Identifying, Reporting and Convicting -means of discovery



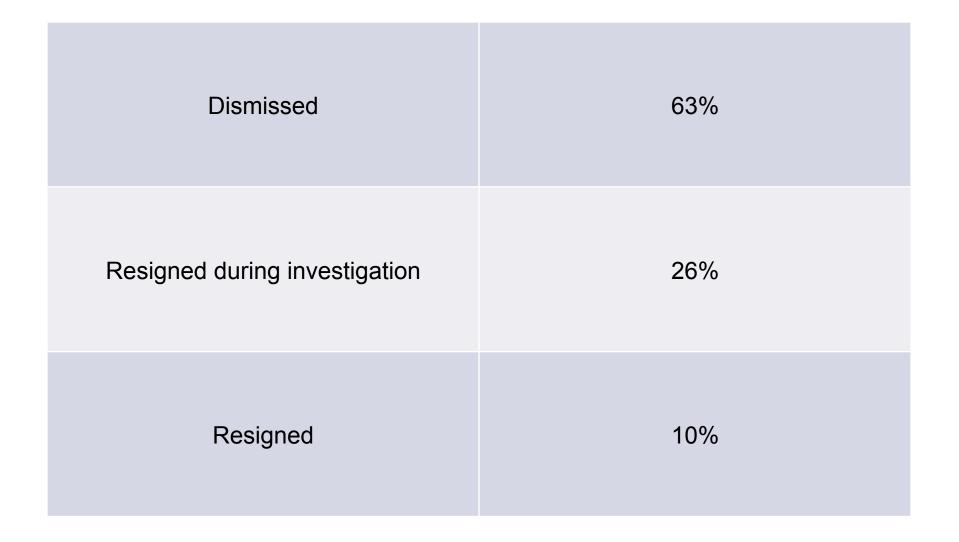
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Internal Controls	60%
Customer	21%
Staff/ Whistleblower	11%
Other	8%

### Identifying, Reporting and Convicting -reason for leaving



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### Identifying, Reporting and Convicting



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- Reported to the police
  - $-\frac{1}{4}$  of all cases
  - Account Frauds- 59%
  - Dishonest Actions- 48%
- Convictions

-40% of cases reported to law enforcement

### What are the motivations?



### • Links to organised crime

- Approaches for customer data
- Placed with the sole purpose of committing fraud
- Way to raise funds for other criminal actions
- Greed
  - Employment application fraud
  - Theft
- Need
  - Debts
  - Addiction
- Peer pressure/ revenge/ ego?

### Steps to combat internal fraud



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### Data sharing

### Interaction between HR, Fraud, Risk and Information Security depts.

Internal controls

Staff awareness and training

### **Further information**



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